# Fundamental physics with Einstein Telescope



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## This talk

1) Motivation

#### 2) Fundamental physics targets

#### 3) Example: The nature of horizons

## **Fundamental physics?**

• New physics beyond:





#### Hints to new physics



"COINCIDENCES"

Strength of gravity Dark energy density General Relativity non-renormalizable

Information paradox

dark matter

dark energy

quantum

gravity

#### Hints to new physics





### Why new GW detectors?

• Why haven't we ruled out everything already (beyond GR)?

 $m_g < 10^{-22} eV$  LIGO +Virgo, PRL116, 221101 (2017)

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• Precision!

#### GW150914: black holes by sight?



• Einstein quadrupole + Newton's laws:

$$M_{\rm total} \sim 70 M_{\odot}$$
  $R = \sqrt{\frac{GM}{\omega_{\rm max}}} = 350 \ \rm km$ 

See also: LIGO/Virgo collaboration, "The basic physics of the binary black hole merger GW150914" arXiv:1608.01940



- No independent total mass
  - Too low SNR & GR templates



LIGO/Virgo collaboration, 2016

## This talk

#### 1) Motivation

2) Key targets

#### 3) The nature of horizons

#### **Einstein Telescope**



### Main Target Sources

- Merging black holes and neutron stars ... many thousands sources per year
  - Black holes z=15

- Neutron stars z=5



Sathyaprakash et al, "Scientific Objectives of Einstein Telescope" Arxiv:1206.0331

(current: z=0.5)

(current: 200Mpc)



ET design study, 2011

#### Large spectrum



From Moore, Cole, Berry (2014)
http://rhcole.com/apps/GWplotter/



Sesana 2016

## Fundamental physics targets

• Astrophysics/astronomy/neutron stars...

see talks Vanbeveren/Van Eindhoven/van den Brand

- COSMOJOGY see talk Clesse
- Nature of GW radiation
   Dispersion, Lorentz violation...
- Testing gravity with black holes
   Are black holes described by GR Kerr metric?

## This talk

#### 1) Motivation

2) Key targets

#### 3) The nature of horizons

#### True nature of black hole horizon

- 1) Tests of no-hair theorem
- 2) Quantum effects near horizons



#### No-hair conjecture

• Kerr black hole only depends on two parameters: *mass* and *spin* 

Black hole uniqueness theorems: Israel, Carter, Hawking, Robinson '67-'75



• Astrophysical black holes too?

#### Black hole spectroscopy

## Ringdown: for a black hole in GR $\omega_n \& \tau_n$ depend on mass & spin only





#### Quantum expectations

• Information paradox (Hawking '76)



- Quantum gravity:
  - New physics/structure at horizon
  - Many **recent** proposals and ideas: fuzzball, firewalls, gravastars, boson stars..

#### Let's make a toy model

• Reflecting surface at  $r_{
m surf}=2M+\delta$ 



## Where can quantum corrections hide?



## Spectroscopy?

 $r_{\rm surf}$ 

- Prompt ringdown:
  - Not sensitive to near-horizon!
  - Determined by photon sphere



#### **Gravitational Wave Echoes**



**Further modeling:** [Price+17, Nakano+17, Barcelo+17] [Bueno, Cano, Goelen, Hertog, BV '17] **Search in LIGO data:** [Abedi, Dykaar, Afshordi '16] [Westerweck+17]

## Rich new phenomenology

- "Exotic Compact Objects"
- Proxy for quantum structure
  - Wormholes, gravastars, boson stars ...

Cardoso, Pani arXiv:1707.03021 (extended version of Nature Physics review)

New "echoes"-pipeline (LIGO/Virgo- group C. Van Den Broeck)



Not mere

surface!

#### Better models?



#### Great new opportunities

- Interdisciplinary
- Macroscopic quantum gravity: modelling

